Test Design Bl	ueprint
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Date\_\_\_\_12/29/14\_\_\_

Chemistry I	2003340
Course Title	Course Number

10, 11, 12 Grade(s)

Main Idea		Percent of Test	Number of Test
(Big	Standard Code	Based on Time	Questions
Idea/Domain/Strand/Standard)		<b>Devoted to Standard</b>	(60 total)
Differentiate among the four states	SC.912.P.8.1	1%	1
of matter.			
Phase transitions in terms of	SC.912.P.12.11	2%	2
kinetic molecular theory			
Behavior of ideal gases	SC.912.P.12.10	3%	2
Forms of energy and how it is	SC.912.P.10.1	2%	1
transformed.			
Distinguish between endothermic	SC.912.P.10.7	3%	2
and exothermic reactions.			
Differentiate between chemical	SC.912. P.8.2	1%	1
and physical properties of matter.			
Atomic theory: the structure of the atom.	SC.912.P.8.4	4%	2
Wavelength, frequency, and	SC.912.P.10.18	3%	2
energy.	3C.912.F.10.18	370	2
Quantization of energy at the	SC.912.P.10.9	2%	1
atomic level.	30.312.1 .10.3	270	-
Relate properties of atoms to their	SC.912.P.8.5	3%	2
position on the periodic table.			
Bonding forces that hold	SC.912.P.8.6	5%	3
compounds together and other			
attractive forces.			
Formula representations of	SC.912.P.8.7	11%	5
molecules and compounds.			
Mole Concept	SC.912.P.8.9	13%	7
Differentiate between chemical	SC.912.P.10.12	3%	2
and nuclear reactions.			
Types of chemical reactions: redox,	SC.912.P.8.8	6%	4
acid/base, synthesis, and			
single/double replacement.			
Factors that affect the rate of a	SC.912.P.12.12	9%	4
reaction.			
Properties of water.	SC.912.L.18.12	3%	2
Equilibrium	SC.912.P.12.13	8%	5
Interpret potential energy	SC.912.P.10.6	2%	1
diagrams.			
Relate acidity to basicity to	SC.912.P.8.11	3%	2
hydronium and hydroxyl ions.			

Explain data.	SC.912.N.1.3	0.2%	1
Developing a scientific theory.	SC.912.N.3.1	0.4%	
Scientific law	SC.912.N.3.3	0.4%	
Historical development of a theory	SC.912.N.3.2	0.2%	1
Creativity in constructing	SC.912.N.1.7	0.2%	
question, methods, or			
explanations.	SC.912.N.1.2	0.2%	
What characterizes science and its			
methods.	SC.912.N.1.1	0.2%	
Scientific Method	SC.912.N.1.4	0.2%	
Sources of information are			
evaluated according to scientific			
standards.			
Scientific knowledge is open to	SC.912.N.2.4	0.5%	1
change.			
How science relates to art,	SC.912.N.2.2	0.5%	
philosophy, and religion.			
Models in science.	SC.912.N.3.5	0.5%	
Inferences are drawn from	SC.912.N.1.6	0.5%	
scientific observations.			
Atomic model over time and how	SC.912.P.8.3	2%	2
it changed.			
Background of scientists influence	SC.912.N.2.5	1%	
their interpretations of events.			
Relate temperature to average	SC.912.P.10.5	3%	2
kinetic energy			
			1
Science helps in decisions made by			
society.	SC.912.N.4.1	1%	
Explain pseudoscience.	SC.912.N.2.3	0.2%	1
Similar experiments have similar	SC.912.N.1.5	0.8%	
outcomes.			

TOTALS 100 % 60

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